

## Decision for dispute CAC-UDRP-108593

Case number	CAC-UDRP-108593
Time of filing	2026-04-20 14:00:50
Domain names	lagardere-infogestion.com

### Case administrator

Organization	Iveta Špiclová (Czech Arbitration Court) (Case admin)
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### Complainant

Organization	LAGARDERE SA
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### Complainant representative

Organization	NAMESHIELD S.A.S.
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### Respondent

Name	Josiane Vierron
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#### OTHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Panel is not aware of any other legal proceedings which are pending or decided and which relate to the disputed domain name.

#### IDENTIFICATION OF RIGHTS

The Complainant owns the following trademarks "LAGARDERE":

- IR no. 751186 for LAGARDERE registered since October 18, 2000;
- IR no. 954315 for LAGARDERE registered since August 31, 2007;
- IR no. 989729 for LAGARDERE registered since February 29, 2008;
- EU reg. no. 006529747 for LAGARDERE registered since November 21, 2008.

#### FACTUAL BACKGROUND

##### I. The Complainant

The Complainant is an international group active in book publishing for the general public and educational markets and in the travel retail field.

##### II. The Respondent and the disputed domain name

The Respondent is Josiane Vierron domiciled in France. The disputed domain name <lagardere-infogestion.com> was registered on

April 14, 2026 and is inactive. MX servers are configured on the disputed domain name.

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#### PARTIES CONTENTIONS

The Complainant contends that the requirements of the Policy have been met and that the disputed domain name should be transferred to it.  
No administratively compliant Response has been filed.

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#### RIGHTS

The Complainant has, to the satisfaction of the Panel, shown the disputed domain name is identical or confusingly similar to a trademark or service mark in which the Complainant has rights (within the meaning of paragraph 4(a)(i) of the Policy).

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#### NO RIGHTS OR LEGITIMATE INTERESTS

The Complainant has, to the satisfaction of the Panel, shown the Respondent to have no rights or legitimate interests in respect of the disputed domain name (within the meaning of paragraph 4(a)(ii) of the Policy).

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#### BAD FAITH

The Complainant has, to the satisfaction of the Panel, shown the disputed domain name has been registered and is being used in bad faith (within the meaning of paragraph 4(a)(iii) of the Policy).

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#### PROCEDURAL FACTORS

The Panel is satisfied that all procedural requirements under UDRP were met and there is no other reason why it would be inappropriate to provide a decision.

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#### PRINCIPAL REASONS FOR THE DECISION

##### **A. The disputed domain name is identical or confusingly similar to a trademark or service mark in which the Complainant has rights**

The Panel agrees that the disputed domain name is confusingly similar to the LAGARDERE trademarks owned by the Complainant.

The "LAGARDERE" trademark is entirely contained in the disputed domain name. The addition of the generic terms "INFO GESTION" do not exclude the confusing similarity with the LAGARDERE trademarks since these terms could be easily associated with the Complainant's business. Thus, they have no impact on the confusing similarity assessment.

The addition of the ".com" domain name extension does not prevent the likelihood of confusion between the disputed domain name and the Complainant's trademarks.

##### **B. The Respondent has no rights or legitimate interests in respect of the disputed domain name**

Under paragraph 4(a)(ii) of the Policy, a complainant has the burden of establishing that a respondent lacks rights or legitimate interests in respect of a domain name, but this burden is light. It is sufficient in the first instance for Complainant to allege a prima facie case, and if the evidence presented is persuasive or yields a positive inference that Respondent lacks rights or legitimate interests, the burden shifts to Respondent to rebut the allegations.

In this case, the Panel finds that the Complainant's submitted evidence and allegations, to which the Respondent did not reply, are sufficient to establish a prima facie case of lack of rights and legitimate interests in the disputed domain name.

In particular, the Complainant denies that the Respondent has ever been authorized to use the LAGARDERE trademark as a domain name. Moreover, the WHOIS information excludes that the Respondent is known by the sign LAGARDERE.

Moreover, according to the evidence submitted by the Complainant, the disputed domain name was never actively used. Therefore, the domain name <lagardere-infogestion.com> has not been used in connection with a bona fide offering of goods and services nor in a legitimate, noncommercial, or fair manner.

### **C. The disputed domain name was registered and is being used in bad faith**

As far as registration in bad faith is concerned, the Panel finds particularly relevant the following circumstances:

- i) the disputed domain name entirely contains the Complainant trademark "LAGARDERE" which is also used as a domain name (lagardere.com). The Complainant's trademark and domain name were registered long before the registration of the disputed domain name;
- ii) the disputed domain name combines the Complainant's trademark LAGARDERE with descriptive terms ("info" and "gestion") which could be associated with the Complainant's field of activity;
- iii) LAGARDERE is a well-known trademark at least in France, where the Respondent is based. It is unlikely that the Respondent was not aware of the LAGARDERE trademark at the time of registering the domain name.

These circumstances, in the absence of a reasonable justification by the Respondent, suggest that the Respondent was perfectly aware of the Complainant's trademarks and business at the time of the registration of the disputed domain name.

As regards the use in bad faith, the leading case (Telstra Corporation Limited v. Nuclear Marshmallows Case No. D2000-0003) states that passive holding of a domain name does not prevent a bad faith finding. In order to assess bad faith, all the circumstances of the case must be considered. In this case, the facts suggest that the disputed domain name is also used in bad faith as it entirely contains the LAGARDERE trademark, which is combined with descriptive terms related to the Complainant's business. Therefore, it is hard to see how the disputed domain name could be used in a way that would not infringe the Complainant's trademark rights.

Moreover, the disputed domain name has been set up with MX records. This suggests that it may be used for email purposes. The Panel agrees that such an element confirms the Respondent's bad faith.

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FOR ALL THE REASONS STATED ABOVE, THE COMPLAINT IS

**Accepted**

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AND THE DISPUTED DOMAIN NAME(S) IS (ARE) TO BE

1. **lagardere-infogestion.com**: Transferred

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### **PANELLISTS**

Name	<b>Andrea Mascetti</b>
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DATE OF PANEL DECISION **2026-05-26**

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Publish the Decision

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